Finally, San Antonio is well equipped to handle a point-of-entry flight, as U.S. Customs has a significant presence at the San Antonio International Airport.

In closing, I want to express special thanks to all members of the Committee on Ways and Means for making this a reality for San Antonio and their assistance.

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. WISE) my colleague and classmate.

Mr. WISE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding me the time.

Mr. Speaker, I thank the members of the majority and minority on the Committee on Ways and Means for bringing this bill to the floor.

In a lot of times in the sweeping debates on major trade policy a bill will pass, and then it is necessary to go back and realize there were certain situations that were not dealt with or perhaps the law of unintended consequences took effect. That is what this bill is about.

I just want to say that there are provisions in this bill that are important to working men and women across our country, certainly in my State of West Virginia. I am very grateful to the chairman and ranking member of the Committee on Ways and Means for putting this bill together, for bringing it to the floor, and for recognizing sometimes the law of unintended consequences and working to make our working men and women much more competitive.

So I think this is an important bill. I rise strongly in support and urge its adoption tonight.

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues, in conclusion, please, as we can see clearly, this is a bill that is noncontroversial. We enjoy good, strong bipartisan support. I ask all my colleagues to get on board and vote for H.R. 4868.

Mr. MANZULLO. Mr. Speaker, last March, I introduced a miscellaneous tariff correction bill (H.R. 3715) to help keep the remaining cathode ray tube and computer display screen manufacturers in the United States. After careful review by the Administration and the Ways and Means Committee, this bill was changed to provide a 3-year duty suspension on monochrome glass envelopes. Also, my office has been given assurances that the permanent removal of the tariff on monochrome glass envelopes will be an item of discussion during the next round of global trade talks.

Monochrome glass envelopes are used to make cathode ray tubes that provide the "light" behind the computer monitor. When the tariff on monochrome glass envelopes was first proposed, there were American manufacturers of this product. But over the last few years, the final American manufacturer of monochrome glass envelopes decided to get out of the business. Thus, the tariff duty designed to provide a modest level of protection for U.S. makers of monochrome glass enve-

lopes no longer serves its purpose. In fact, the import duty is now hurting the international competitiveness of U.S. cathode ray tube and computer display screen manufacturers.

Other foreign competitors are able to purchase monochrome glass envelopes without this tariff. Thus, they are able to price their computer monitors in the U.S. more competitively than U.S. manufacturers of equivalent product. Mr. Speaker, there should not be a U.S.-government imposed incentive for Americans to buy foreign computer display screens! That's why I ask my colleagues to support the Miscellaneous Trade and Technical Corrections Act of 2000 because section 1247 of this legislation waives the import tariff on monochrome glass envelopes for three years. We need to remove the import tariff on monochrome glass envelopes so that American manufacturers of cathode ray tubes and computer monitors can compete on a more equal footing with their foreign counterparts.

Finally, I want to thank the chairman of the Ways and Means Trade Subcommittee, Mr. CRANE, the ranking minority member, Mr. LEVIN, and the staff of the subcommittee for all the hard work that went into including the 3-year duty suspension of monochrome glass envelopes in H.R. 4868.

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HUTCHINSON). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. CRANE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4868. as amended.

The question was taken.

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 8, rule XX, the Chair will now put the question on each motion to suspend the rules on which further proceedings were postponed in the order in which that motion was entertained.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 4806, by the yeas and nays;

H. Con. Res. 372, by the yeas and nays; and

H.R. 4868, by the yeas and nays.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote after the first such vote in this series.

CARL ELLIOTT FEDERAL BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, HR. 4806

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr.

LATOURETTE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4806, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 411, nays 0, not voting 23, as follows:

[Roll No. 436] YEAS—411

DeFazio Abercrombie Ackerman DeGette Allen Del.auro Andrews DeLay Archer DeMint Armey Deutsch Diaz-Balart Baca Bachus Dickey Baird Dicks Baker Dingell Baldacci Dixon Doggett Baldwin Ballenger Dooley Barcia Doolittle Barr Dovle Barrett (NE) Dreier Barrett (WI) Duncan Bartlett Dunn Ehlers Becerra Bentsen Ehrlich Bereuter Emerson Engel Berkley Berman English Berry Eshoo Etheridge Biggert Bilbray Evans Bilirakis Everett Bishop Farr Blagojevich Fattah Bliley Filner Blumenauer Fletcher Foley Forbes Blunt Boehlert Boehner Ford Fossella Bonilla Bonior Fowler Frank (MA) Borski Frelinghuysen Boswell Frost Gallegly Boucher Bovd Ganske Brady (PA) Gejdenson Brady (TX) Gekas Gephardt Brown (FL) Brown (OH) Gibbons Bryant Gilchrest Gillmor Burr Gonzalez Burton Buyer Callahan Goode Goodlatte Calvert Goodling Camp Campbell Gordon Goss Graham Canady Cannon Green (TX) Green (WI) Capps Capuano Greenwood Cardin Gutierrez Gutknecht Carson Castle Hall (OH) Chabot Hall (TX) Hansen Chambliss Chenoweth-Hage Hastings (FL) Clayton Hastings (WA) Clement Hayes Clyburn Hayworth Coble Hefley Coburn Herger Collins Hill (IN) Combest Hill (MT) Hilleary Convers Hilliard Hinchey Cook Cooksey Hinojosa Costello Hobson Hoeffel Cox Coyne Hoekstra Cramer Holden Crane Holt Crowley Hooley Cummings Horn Hostettler Cunningham Danner Davis (FL) Houghton Hover Hulshof Davis (IL)

Davis (VA)

Deal

Hunter

Hutchinson

Hvde Inslee Isakson Istook Jackson (IL) Jackson-Lee (TX) Jefferson John Johnson (CT) Johnson, E. B. Johnson, Sam Jones (NC) Jones (OH) Kanjorski Kaptur Kasich Kelly Kennedy Kildee Kilpatrick Kind (WI) King (NY) Kingston Kleczka Knollenberg Kolbe Kucinich Kuvkendall LaFalce LaHood Lampson Lantos Largent Larson Latham LaTourette Leach Lee Levin Lewis (CA) Lewis (GA) Lewis (KY) Linder Lipinski LoBiondo Lofgren Lowey Lucas (KY) Lucas (OK) Luther Maloney (CT) Maloney (NY) Manzullo Markey Martinez Mascara Matsui McCarthy (MO) McCarthy (NY) McCrery McDermott McGovern McHugh McInnis McIntyre McKeon McKinney McNulty Meehan Meek (FL) Meeks (NY) Metcalf Mica Millender-McDonald Miller (FL) Miller Gary Minge Mink Moakley Mollohan Moore Moran (KS)

Moran (VA)

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